RAPID RESEARCH

December 2021

Inside This Week: Total Knee Replacements

Quality of Life After Total Knee Replacement

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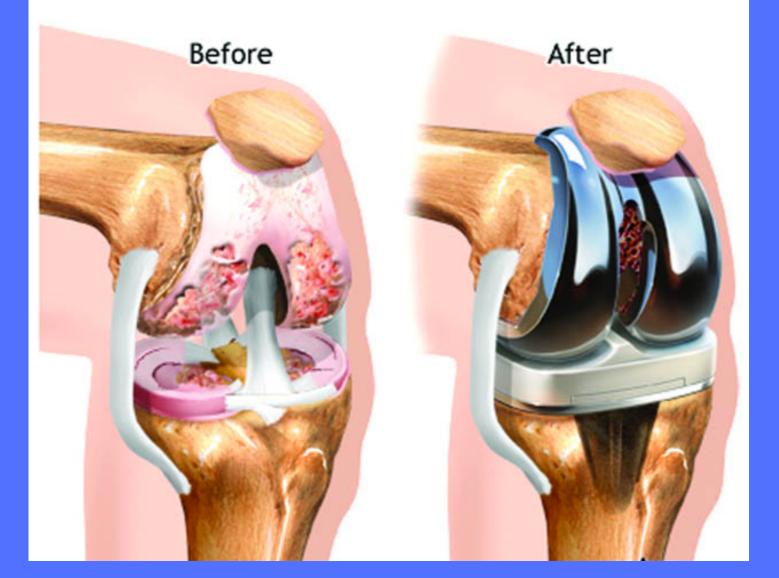


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<u>Click for Full Text</u> <u>(Canovas et al 2018)</u>

QUALITY OF LIFE AFTER TOTAL KNEE REPLACEMENT

The aim of this research was to better evaluate the results of TKA via patient-reported outcome measures (PROMs), which prioritizes patients' perspectives.



KEY FINDINGS

TKA is associated with significant improvements in knee function and quality of life.

3 things affect patient satisfaction: Functional outcomes, Level of residual pain and Preoperative expectations.

Missed need for TKA is more common in young males with a normal BMI.

Return to sport is possible for more than 1/3 of patients, ~ 6 months post-op.

The best quality of life is achieved in patients >80 years.

The best functional improvements happen with the more severe disease.

No specific implant design, or surgical technique gives superior quality of life after TKA.

Post-op frontal alignment is not significantly correlated with quality of life after TKA.

MAIN TAKEAWAYS

Development of quality of life scores has allowed us to place the results of TKA in a new light.

They have set the patient at the center of the healthcare system and shown that pain and/or stiffness are highly correlated with quality of life and the patients' subjective assessment of satisfaction.

the surgical community must take account of the considerable impact of psychological factors, with a risk of over expression of pain in certain cases.

Objective methods must be combined with subjective evaluation using PROMs.

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ANALYSIS OF TOTAL KNEE REPLACEMENT REVISIONS

<u>Click for Full Text</u> (Postler et al. 2018

The aim of this study was to evaluate the causes for revision TKA, and comparison of those reasons with previously published data.



<u>KEY FINDINGS</u>

402 cases in 312 patients. 32 revisions bilaterally and 25 knees revised more than once. **Average of 6.2 years after primary TKA** for first revision. The majority were late revisions after 2 years (73.7%).

Patients were **on average 72 years old**, ranging from 48 to 95 years old.

The **majority (64.4%) had severe systemic diseases** and a mean BMI of 30.6.

The 146 patients (36.3%) suffering from infection were an average of 3 years older than those with aseptic reasons.

Most frequent reasons for revision included:

Infection (36.1%) Aseptic loosening (21.9%). Peri-prosthetic fracture (13.7%)

45 patients (11.2%) had 1 cause of failure, 356 patients (88.6%) more than one.

MAIN TAKEAWAYS

Most patients which are revised in a specialized arthroplasty center were referred from other hospitals.

Peri-prosthetic joint infection was the most common reason for revision and re-revision TKA.

This is in contrast to population-based registry data and has consequences on costs as well as on success rates in such centers.

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<u>Click for Full Text</u> (<u>Masaracchio et al.</u> <u>2017)</u>

EFFECTS OF EARLY REHAB FOR TOTAL KNEE REPLACEMENT OUTCOMES

This systematic review analyzed the role that early initiation of physical therapy has on length of stay and cost following total hip and knee replacements.



<u>KEY FINDINGS</u>

Of 1029 studies, 17 were included for review after screening for eligibility. A total of 26,614 patients were analyzed.

Length of stay:

All 15 studies assessed Length of Stay in Hospital.

12 demonstrated a statistically significant difference in reduced days in hospital of 1.5 days on average.

Costs:

Overall, 3 studies assessed total medical expenses following joint arthroplasty.

MAIN TAKEAWAYS

Early initiation of rehabilitation following total hip arthroplasty, total knee arthroplasty, or unicompartmental knee arthroplasty is **associated with a shorter length of stay in hospital.**

It also contributes to lower overall cost.

Also, there was **no evidence of an increased number of adverse reactions.**

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